

# The (UCAS) Personal Statement

A practical guide to planning and writing your first draft

Mr Leggott



## Objectives



- To consider the form and function of the personal statement in your UCAS application
- To outline the structure of an effective personal statement
- To offer guidance on suitable content for each section
- To put you in the best possible position to produce a full first draft by the beginning of Year 13\*

(\* or before the summer break if you are an early entry candidate)

#### The function of the personal statement



- portray your character, knowledge and ambition
- give evidence of relevant interests, skills and experiences
- show your enthusiasm and commitment to the course for which you are applying
- show admissions tutors that you are worth a place at their institution
- personalise your application and reflect your individuality



#### The function of the personal statement

- All personal statements are read by admissions officers
- Part of a wider data set used to make decisions, along with predicted grades, teacher reference, contextual data and, where applicable, admissions tests, interviews, auditions or portfolios
- Personal statements enable universities to:
  - understand the person applying
  - see how much preparation they have done
  - determine whether they are likely to succeed on the course
  - differentiate between similarly qualified applicants.
- For **non-interview courses**, admissions tutors can rely heavily on the information given in personal statements when making their decisions
- Leading universities receive tens of thousands of applications. The personal statement can make a difference between an offer and rejection
- It is a **marketing tool** for your interests, talents and accomplishments you are competing against many other applicants and so you have to make yourself stand out
- You will need to take your time and give careful consideration to the key messages you wish to deliver through this document

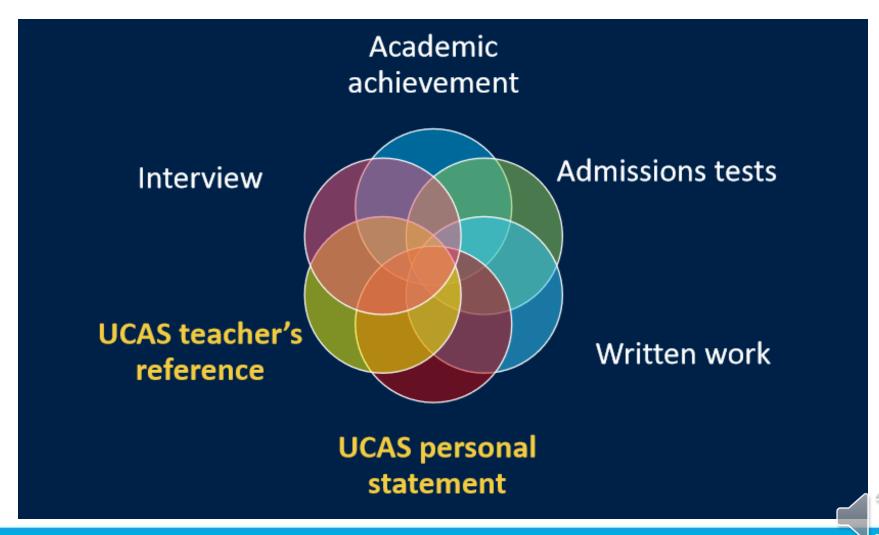


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### Personal statements in context



## **Observations from UCAS...**



'A personal statement is what sets up an accurate portrayal of your character to universities. It's one of the most important things you need to do, and it's one of the things that your application relies on, but it's not too difficult to make it perfect.'

(https://www.ucas.com/connect/blogs/how-write-personal-statement)

And yet it's also very easy to produce something far less than perfect which is bland, insipid and uninspiring...

#### Form & Structure



One statement; 4,000 characters maximum (or 47 lines of text when using Verdana font size 12). This is approximately 550 words in length. Draft in MS Word to allow for easy editing.

#### It should include:

 Why you want to study your chosen subject

(200 words)

 How your studies have helped you to prepare for study at university

(150 words)

 Extra-curricular activities, which demonstrate that you are the sort of student a university would be lucky to have

(150 words)

 Concluding statement, linking back to the subject and mentioning future career ambitions

(30-50 words)

Between **70-80%** of your statement needs to focus on academic and courserelated (super-curricular) information

Extra-curricular content needs to be capped at 25%

Allow yourself the opportunity to round off your statement

Spelling and grammar must be perfect!



#### Form & Structure



#### 2024-25 (You guys!)

- Why you want to study your chosen subject
- How your studies have helped you to prepare for study at university
- Extra-curricular activities, which demonstrate that you are the sort of student a university would be lucky to have
- Concluding statement, linking back to the subject and mentioning future career ambitions

2025-26 (The following year)

- Motivation for course Why do you want to study these courses?
- Preparedness for course How has your learning so far helped you to be ready to succeed on these courses?
- Preparation through other experiences – What else have you done to help you prepare, and why are these experiences useful?
- Preparedness for study What have you done to prepare yourself for student life?
- Preferred learning styles Which learning and assessment styles best suit you – how do your course choices match that?

## Making a start

- Try not to use examples from the internet for inspiration they are ok for reassurance afterwards, but will strike the death knell for originality when starting out.
- 'Ever since I accidentally burnt holes in my pyjamas after experimenting with a chemistry set on my eighth birthday, I have always had a passion for science' – widely copied by hundreds of applicants a few years ago. Not just plagiarised, but also blatantly dishonest.
- Your Personal Statement needs to be built on concrete truths and should contain as much of your voice as possible. Trying to make your statement too much like someone else's is a recipe for blandness.
- That said, there are certain basic ingredients one would expect to find in most Personal Statements...







## Making a start



A strong opening is obviously very desirable, one which clearly and immediately establishes your passion for your subject.

- Golden rule #1 here, though, is to show, not tell communicate your passion without actually using the word 'passion' or 'passionate'.
- Golden rule #2 is to avoid these over-used opening lines:
  - ➢ For as long as I can remember I have...
  - ➤ I have always been interested in...
  - ➢ Reflecting on my educational experiences...
  - > Nursing is a very challenging and demanding [career/profession/course]...
  - > Throughout my life I have always enjoyed...
  - > I am applying for this course because...
  - > I have always wanted to pursue a career in...
  - ➤ I have always been passionate about...
  - > From a young age I have (always) been [interested in/fascinated by]...
  - "Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world..."
- The last example is a quote (from Nelson Mandela). Golden rule #3 is to be very careful about using any quote – it doesn't really shout 'original thinker', especially when thousands of others are using it too.
- Personally, I am not a big fan of starting with questions either (e.g. 'Have you ever wondered why...?') These people are academics – they spend their lives wondering why...



## **Developing your opening**



Returning to our outline structure, you need to focus prominently on these questions as you seek to develop your content:

- 1. Why do I want to study my chosen subject?
- 2. How have my studies and experiences helped to prepare me to study (this course) at university?

The structuring of ideas in these first two 'sections' need not be applied too rigidly. Allow yourself the scope to be fluid and flexible in sequencing your content but keep in mind that this strand of your statement is intended to detail your **academic** strengths, skills and interests, and this should be reflected in whatever content you choose. It will also represent the bulk of your statement (70-80%), but try to focus on quality of content over quantity.

#### The academic content



- 1. Why do I want to study my chosen subject?
- 2. How have my studies and experiences helped to prepare me to study (this course) at university?

The following are suggestions of examples of suitable 'academic' content that might be offered in answer to these questions. They are <u>not</u> part of a checklist to be ticked off in a given order!





# Academic content – Some suggestions

- Explain why you want to study that subject and give specific reasons for your interest in the course.
- What are your particular areas of interest? What has sparked these interests? (Looking at specifications for courses you are interested in can be helpful here)
- Show evidence of relevant research and background reading and of your engagement with the subject beyond the curriculum. Don't just produce a list, though – analyse the experience and reflect critically on whatever you have read/watched/listened to/visited.
- Why are you studying your current subjects and how are you enjoying them? How will they help on your university course? (Consider both content and skills)
- Show that you know and are prepared for studying the course especially if it is a vocational course or a subject you haven't studied before.
- What are your **career aspirations** beyond the course? (You might prefer to mention this in your final paragraph instead)

# Academic content – Further suggestions

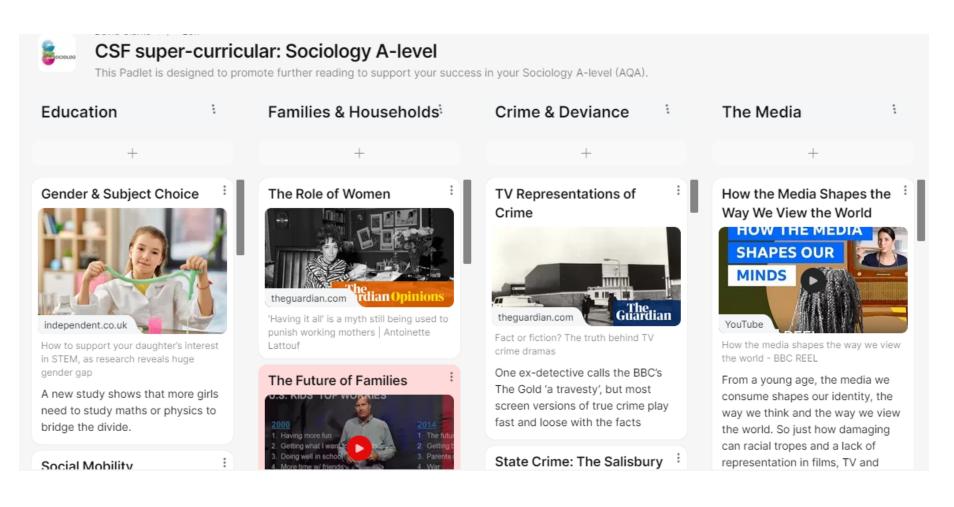


- Mention attendance at any masterclasses, workshops, summer schools or related lectures it will enhance the impression of a motivated student but again, try to offer some sort of critical reflection on the experience.
- Describe how you have approached a syllabus-based project. Top universities will look for independent academic activity e.g. work done on an A-level or BTEC topic beyond school requirements. EPQ or IRR can be excellent here, both for evidencing a genuine interest in your subject and also for demonstrating that you have the independence and the skills to make a success of higher level study.
- Include any relevant job, work placement or voluntary experience, including any observations of practice, particularly if it's helped develop skills and give experience that normal schoolwork would not expose. This can be especially helpful if you're applying for more vocational courses.
- Focus on developing some 'super-curricular' content...

#### Super-curricular: Some good starting points (accessible from COMBERTON your armchair) SIXTH FORM CCESS TO FURTHE BBC mathematics **iWonder** Home of Big Questions the Further Mathematics network www.fmnetwork.org.uk IRCASE pecialists in rich mathematics **iWantToStudyEngineering** Future A website to help you compete for engineering places at top universities earn Massive Online ) Ö MOOC ISAAC Physics. 1+2= Course Open ear of Clockwork Ben Masters BBC RADIO **Helping doctors** Podcasts make better 9 decisions Ideas worth spreading

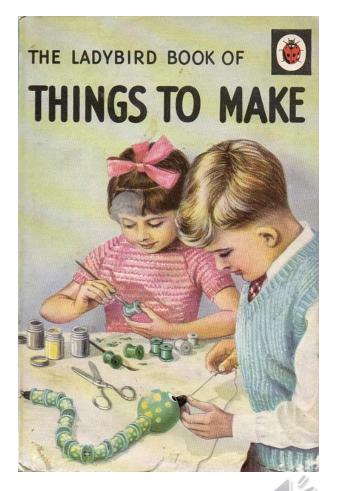
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#### Padlets!



### Extra-curricular content

- Your **non-academic** interests, hobbies, pursuits and (significant/relevant) achievements and responsibilities e.g. sport, music, volunteering, clubs, societies, paid employment
- No more than 20-25% of your final statement
- Anything you spend lots of time on might be worth adding, especially if it is slightly unusual e.g. breeding rare llamas. 'Socialising' is neither unusual nor interesting.
- Again, avoid simply listing items focus on the transferable skills these experiences have helped develop e.g. teamwork, leadership, organisation, commitment, reliability
- If it's already listed on your UCAS form, ask yourself whether using up valuable characters in your personal statement is really worth it e.g. D of E bronze award.
- Try to make sure **everything flows** together into one story, ideally one in which most of your interests and abilities lead towards the course you've picked.



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## **Concluding your statement**

#### Compose a brief concluding statement(s), linking back to the subject and mentioning future career ambitions

- Round off your personal statement, restating your course choice and linking to where you think this will take you beyond university, if this hasn't already been established
- End positively: I look forward to...
- Without this, most statements will invariably close with a reference to something extra-curricular, like volunteering with the Beavers – not the most impactful of endings...





#### **Comments from Admissions Tutors**

- "Careful research is the key to finding the right course at the right university. I look for individuals who understand and show motivation for the subject of their choice and have taken the opportunity to find out about and gain a feel for the experience of studying the subject at university."
- "You need to go beyond a proclaimed love for the subject show detail and research and justify any statements."
- "An element of reflection and analysis really makes the difference to the application. It's not about what you've done but how you think about what you have done."
- "What makes a good personal statement is enthusiasm, wider reading and a statement that is, in fact, **personal** and that touch different or interesting."

#### **Task: Evaluating Example 1**

#### **Read Personal Statement 1**

# How could this personal statement be improved?

# What advice would you give to the student who wrote it?

NCING CCESS Personal Statement 1

Since a very young age I have always been fascinated with some of life's big existential questions: who am I? Is there a God? What makes some human beings good and some others evil? And what is 'knowledge', and how do we achieve it?

These are some of the very same questions which have been puzzling philosophers for millennia. When I started my A Level in Philosophy at the beginning of Year 12, I realised that the questions which had perplexed me for so long could be answered by studying this fascinating subject. My studies in Philosophy at A Level have made me realise just how passionate I am about this subject and I hope to complete a Philosophy degree at university so that I can explore my passion in life even further. In addition to my A Level in Philosophy I am also studying for two other A Levels in History and Mathematics.

Philosophy is the study of general and fundamental problems concerning matters such as existence, knowledge, values, reason, mind, and language. It has a history of thousands of years, and the term "Philosophy" was probably first used by the philosopher Pythagoras. My favourite areas of philosophy are ethics and political philosophy – two recent debates we have had in class recently which I particularly enjoyed were on the ethics of abortion and also on whether the Government should interfere to stop adults from engaging in behaviour which is harmful to themselves.

I have read extensively around the subject of philosophy. This has included reading many extra books in my spare time which have taken me beyond the A Level syllabus. My extra reading began in the world of ancient philosophy and on my summer holiday last year I worked my way through "The Republic "by Plato and "The Nicomachean Ethics" by Aristotle. This gave me an excellent grounding in the basics of ethics and political philosophy. I was therefore able to move on to more modern material, and I learnt more about deontological ethics by reading the work of Immanuel Kant. I complemented this with reading some material by a consequentialist – John Stuart Mill (I have read both "On Liberty" and "Utiltarianism"). I've developed a particular interest in the philosophy of "Stoicism". I've read many books on this subject including "Discourses" by Epictetus. I've also read books on how ancient Stoic philosophy can be applied to solve some of the problems of modern living, such as "A Guide to Rational Living" by Albert Ellis and "A Guide to the Good Life" by William B Irvine. I am looking forward to learning more about ancient philosophy at university.

In my spare time I take part in a wide range of hobbies and extra-curricular activities. I am a keen planist and have got up to Grade 7 on the plano. I recently performed the plano at a recital at a celebration evening at my school to a crowd of over 150 parents and students. I enjoy watching films and some of my favourite films are "Natural Born Killers", "Goodfellas" and "The Greatest Showman". I enjoy football and from Year 7 up until Year 10 I was the goalkeeper in our school football team. I keep up to date with current affairs and often read newspapers and topical magazines also like reading books and newspapers and always keep up to date with current affairs, for this reason I have especially enjoyed my Saturday job at WH Smith. My roles in this job include dealing with customers, replenishing stock and keeping the stock room tidy.

After I have graduated from university, I am Interested in working in either the publishing industry or would like to become a newspaper columnist or blogger.

Thanks for taking the time to read my personal statement, and also to consider my university application.



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# What's wrong with Personal Statement 1?



• Too many clichés – "from a young age", "passion", "fascinated" etc.

- No need to offer a definition of what philosophy is
- The extra reading is just a long list. No critical engagement, and seems too good to be true
- No indication of how the hobbies and work experience are relevant to the subject of philosophy
- The final two paragraphs don't really add anything

#### Task: Evaluating Example 2

#### Now look at Personal Statement 2

#### Why might this be considered a more effective statement?

ADVANCING CCESS Personal Statement 2

> When I was taking my GCSEs, my favourite subject on my school timetable was Religious Studies. I chose to do a GCSE course in Religious Studies with some reluctonce as isom not an expectely realigious gerson. During this course however I realised which it was which appealed to me most about this subject – it was not necessarily religion per as which interested me most but rother the apportunity to grapple with some of the big ideas about life and tookke some of the biggest questions which face human beings. I wonted to find out more about the nature of good and evil, what constitutes genuine 'wrowledge' and think about how we can work together to create the fairest possible society.

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I am extremely groteful to my former Religious Studies teacher who recommended that Itake an A Level in Philosophy. He had realised that it was philosophical quartions which interested me the meat. Within just a couple of months of Beginning my A Level in Philosophy I was certain that this was the subject which I wanted to pursue to degree level and the decision on which courses I should choose at university has been effortless. The parts of my philosophy lessons which I anjoy the most are when we engage in class debates. For example, recently my teacher has argonized class debates on the ethics of bottion and also on whether the Government should interfere to stop adults from engaging in behaviour which is borriful to themselves. In these debates all enjoy listering to other people's opinions equally as much as expressing my own. They have tought me the skills of careful, respectful listering on presenting a clear and reasoned argument. I have also learn the importance of remaining open minded and lawgs being willing to change my opinion on a particular issue if it up researed with a compaling enough angument. The two other A Levels I construing have complemented my studies perfectly. My A Level in History has tought me to chickly analyse tots and my A Level in Mathematics has tought me have to think in a retional and logical way. These are two exametics alls which were philosopher meds.

In my spore time I have enjoyed reading philosophy books which have taken me beyond the A Level syllabus. I need an ancient text called "Discourses" by Epictetus. I struggled with this a list of first, but once if found on updated translation of the original text by Robert Obbin I was able to filly comprehend Epictetus's ideas. In the book, Epictetus observes that when human beings suffer it is not because bod things have happened to them. Robert, they suffer because of their interpretation of these events and their internal normative which takes them that these sevents are bod and sught not to have happened. This observation led me to develop a more general interest in the philosophy of Stoicism, which Epictetus apouses. My philosophy teacher then recommended that I need a book called "A Guide to Rational Living" by the psychologist Altert Elis. In this book Elis explains have harmonged to use Epictetus's ancient advice to improve the quality of the psychotherapy he was offering to his potients. By using these ancient Stoic principles, Elis was table to make his potients deal to the Good Life" by Willim B I knim. The find book have read on the topics of Stoicism is "A Guide to the Good Life" by Willim B I knim. The find shown me how I can use Stoic principles every day to improve my own life, such as imagining that my life is lass successful then it actually is to enable me to realise how fortunate I am. Now that I have developed a particular interest in Stoiciam I have to write a dissertation on this subject to inversity.

One of my hobbies is wetching films and during the month when I was in charge of my school's film club I amonged to screen a series of films by one of my favourite directors. Of wer Stores. I used the skills of forming a reasoned argument to persuado so whool become to access the film 'Natural Born Killers' to a small group of Yeor 15 students. The heodteacher to allow me to access the film 'Natural Born Killers' to a small group of Yeor 15 students. The heodteacher to allow me to access the film 'Natural Born killers' to a small group of Yeor 15 students. The heodteacher to allow me to access the film 'Natural Born cancership. The debate helped to get a vide range of different Yeor 13 students more interested in the aubject of philosophy. Another hobby of mine is music and I have recently passed my Grade 7 examination in pione. Studying the piono has tought me the abil of salf-discipline as I have to prostise at least five times a week maintain the standard I have reached. This self-discipline has helped me with my studes, for example meaning that have the self-discipline to prepare for example meaning that have reacy deadlines. In addition to my studies, I work for six hours every Sotunday at WH Smith. This has meant thet I have had to improve my time mongement skills to ensure that I amable to balance the demonds of work and study accessed fully.

# The relative virtues of Personal Statement 2



- This time the applicant doesn't just say that they have passion; they actually demonstrate this through their writing
- There is a focus on the skills which would make the applicant successful on the degree course
- There is a "research paragraph". It has a particular theme (Stoicism)
- Quality as opposed to quantity with extra reading. The applicant has engaged critically and ties the different pieces into one story
- The applicant still focuses on relevant skills when talking about their extra-curricular activities and employment





### Common pitfalls...





## Common pitfalls...

Over emphasis on extracurricular activities I have taken private lessons and played the double bass in the school orchestra for seven years, played in a symphonysponsored all-bass group for five years, and played in an orchestra for two years.

Use of unnecessary language While my academic interests focus on the past, I plan to apply the knowledge and experience I gain at university to the present and future.



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### In summary...

#### 

- Establish your commitment and motivation to study your chosen subject
- Emphasise your academic intérests
- Use your own insights and personal experiences to stand out
- Develop research references by being critical, analytical and reflective
- Refer to any relevant work experience
- Show that you have an appreciation of current Be careful with attempted
- uses of humour (and quotes)
- Be original
- Proof-read your work carefully

#### DON'T

- Use generalisations or clichés
- Refer to specific universities -apart from when referring to outreach activities/summer schools
- Lie or over-exaggerate
- Use unnecessary or unnatural language avoid repetition and wattle
- Compose lists of wider reading/skills/work experiences without seeking to discuss them further
- Include definitions of the subject
- Start every sentence with 'l'

### Key ingredients...





#### **Recommended links**



- UCAS How to Write a Personal Statement
- <u>Which? How to Write a Personal Statement</u>
- The Uni Guide Personal Statement Advice
- <u>The Complete University Guide Tips for Writing your</u> <u>Personal Statement</u>
- <u>The CATalogue Materials to Support the Planning and</u> <u>Writing of Personal Statements</u>



### Next steps...

- Your tutor will be expecting to see a **full first version** of your statement **in September**.
- In addition to the input and guidance offered by your tutor, statements will receive a final check from Mr Leggott or Mrs Thomas before they are uploaded to UCAS forms.
- A premium checking service will be guaranteed for all students whose personal statements are approved (by tutors) for sending to Mr Leggott by Friday October 20<sup>th</sup>.
- A basic checking service will be on offer for statements received after that date and up until Friday November 17<sup>th</sup>, CSF's internal deadline for all UCAS paperwork.



#### Acknowledgements



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